TOWN OF LITCHFIELD, CONNECTICUT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report		1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3a-3g
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Statement of Net Position	Α	4
Statement of Activities	В	5-6
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	С	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances (Deficits) – Governmental Funds	D	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	E	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund	F	10
Statement of Net Fund Position - Proprietary Funds	G	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Fund Position (Deficit) - Proprietary Funds	Н	12
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	1	13
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	J	14
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	K	15
Notes to Financial Statements		16-51

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS		Page <u>Number</u>
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Town Plan	RSI-1	52
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Merit Service Plan	RSI-2	53
Schedule of Employer Contributions –Town Plan	RSI-3	54
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Merit Service Plan	RSI-4	55
Schedule of Investment Returns – Town Plan	RSI-5	56
Schedule of Investment Returns – Merit Service Plan	RSI-6	57
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Teachers' Retirement Plan	RSI-7	58
Supplemental and Combining Nonmajor Fund Statements and Schedules		
General Fund	<u>chedule</u>	
General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	1	59
General Fund Expenditures, Encumbrances and Other Financing Uses - Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual	2	60-61
Capital Project Funds		
Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Project Fund	3	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) – Capital Project Fund	4	63
Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Combining Balance Sheet	5	64-66

TABLE OF CONTENTS

•		
Proprietary Funds		
Combining Statement of Net Fund Position - W.P.C.A	7	70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Fund Position - W.P.C.A.	8	71
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - W.P.C.A.	9	72
Fiduciary Funds		
Combining Statement of Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds	10	73
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds	11	74
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Funds, and Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	12	75
Other Schedules		
Schedule of Property Taxes Levied, Collected And Outstanding	13	76-77
Schedule of Debt Limitation	14	78-79
Tables	<u>Table</u>	
Principal Property Taxpayers	1	80
Taxable Grand List	2	81
Calculation of Direct Debt and New Direct Debt	3	82

83

Current Debt Ratios



Clermont & Associates LLC 16 Waterbury Road Prospect, CT 06712

Main: 203-758-6658 Fax: 203-758-6758 clermontaccounting.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Selectman Town of Litchfield, Connecticut Litchfield, CT 06759

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Litchfield Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Governments Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in the financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 3a through 3g and the required supplemental information on pages 52-58, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of property taxes levied, collected and outstanding, and the schedule of debt limitation are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of property taxes levied, collected and outstanding, and the schedule of debt limitation are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules described in the above paragraph are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2016 on our consideration of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CLERMONT & ASSOCIATES, LLCProspect, Connecticut

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's (the "Town") financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Net position of our governmental activities decreased by \$197 thousand. This
 included a net assets transfer of \$3,286,788 to the business type activities related to
 the creation of an enterprise fund for the W.P.C.A.
- Net position of our business-type activities increased by \$ 3.6 million, This included a
 net assets transfer of \$3,286,788 from the governmental activities activities related to
 the creation of an enterprise fund for the W.P.C.A.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$4.7 million;
 \$43 thousand less than the general fund balance reported in the prior year;
- The resources available for appropriation in the general fund were \$4.2 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits A and B, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits C and D. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. In addition, beginning this fiscal year, the Town maintains the water pollution control authority as a proprietary fund (Exhibit G, H and I). The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits A and B. The statement of net position and the statement of activities reports information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and related changes. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities as follows:

- Governmental activities The Town's basic services are reported here, including general
 government, public safety, community services, public works, education, public library and
 municipal facilities. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants
 finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Water Pollution Control Authority's activity is reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit C and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Board of Selectman establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received for education from the State and Federal governments). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits C and D) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits G, H and I) When the Town charges customers for the services it
 provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are
 generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all
 activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal
 service funds (the component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide
 supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities, such as the Town's self
 medical insurance Internal Service Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits J and K) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities and business-type activities. The Town's net position for governmental activities decreased \$.2 million from \$54.3 million in 2015 to \$54.1 million in 2016.

The Town now reports the activities of the W.P.C.A. as a proprietary fund. This was done by transferring the assets and related liabilities, which net total was \$3.4 million to a business-type activity. The net operating income and net investment income increased the business-type activities by \$252 thousand for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The net position ended at \$3.8 million.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION: (in Thousands)

		Governmental Activities		
		2016	2015	
Current and other assets	\$	14,362	16,385	
Capital assets		70,189	71,904	
Deferred inflows		1,209	1,276	
Total assets & deferred inflows	\$	85,760	89,565	
Current and other liabilities	\$	2,617	5,232	
Deferred outflows		55	194	
Long-term liabilities		28,924	29,779	
Total liabilities & deferred				
outflows	\$	31,596	35,205	
Net position:				
Investment in capital assets	\$	48.048	45,092	
Restricted	Ψ	10	10	
Unrestricted		6,106	9,258	
Total net position	\$ —	54,164	54,360	
. otal fiot pooliloil	*	<u> </u>		

TABLE 2
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

Governmental	
Activities	

	2016	2015
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,185	2,018
Operating grants and contributions	3,142	4,007
Capital grants and contributions	816	1,284
General revenues:		ŕ
Property taxes	27,218	26,016
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes	153	206
Unrestricted investment earnings and other revenues	87	91
Other general revenues (and transfers)	(3,401)	•
Total revenues	\$ 29,200	33,622
Program expenses:		
General government	\$ 1,883	1,812
Public safety	1,242	1,127
Public works	5,005	5,136
Health and welfare	53	137
Culture and recreation	801	750
Education	19,707	20,277
Interest and fiscal charges	 705	638
Total program expenses	\$ 29,396	29,877
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (196)	3,745

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit C) reported a combined fund balance of \$7.5 million which is a \$2 million decrease from the previous year. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$2.2 million in the Capital Projects Fund. This is mainly due to the ongoing capital projects, which will mostly be bonded in the subsequent year.

Proprietary Funds

The Town reports the Water Pollution Control Authority as a proprietary fund (Exhibit G, H, and I). Under this presentation, the operating income was \$289 thousand, which included depreciation expense of \$218 thousand. Net fund position at year end included \$2,938 thousand of net capital investment and \$879 thousand unrestricted.

The Internal Service Fund recorded a negative change in net fund position. Operating revenues were less than operating expenses by \$48 thousand with a net fund position of \$2,794

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Exhibit F shows the summary information of budget to actual revenues, expenditures and changes in undesignated, unreserved fund balance (funds available to be appropriated).

- Property tax collections were slightly more than expected as well as total revenues
- All departments expended less than the budgeted amounts with the largest savings in the public works department.

The fund balance was \$4.7 million of which \$4.2 million was without restrictions or assignments and available to appropriate.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$75 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines. In separating the Water Pollution Control Authority from the government funds, \$4.7 million in capital assets, which mainly includes sewers and the newly constructed facility. The total Town's amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$3 million, net of depreciation expenses.

TABLE 3

CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities		
	<u>.</u>	2016	2015	
Land	\$	1,679	1,296	
Buildings and improvements		42,435	40,406	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		2,920	2,612	
Infrastructure		19,462	19,108	
Construction in progress	_	3,692	3,679	
Totals	\$	70,188	67,101	
•		Business	-type	
	·	Activiti	es	
		2016	2015	
Buildings and improvements	\$	2,817	2,893	
Equipment		51		
Infrastructure		1,850	1,908	
Totals	\$	4,718	4,801	

TABLE 4 OUTSTANDING DEBT (In Thousands)

Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2016 the Town had \$30.6 million in long term liabilities versus \$32.5 million last year, a decrease of 1.9% - as shown in Table 4. This does not include the bond anticipation note of \$1.2 million.

2016		2015
\$	30,641,098	32,543,940

General obligation bonds (backed by the Town) were reduced by \$2.4 million in payments with no new issues doing the fiscal year. This does not include the July 2016 bond issuance.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave, and net pension and other post retirement benefit obligations. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements. Included in the Business-type activities is \$1.9 million in notes payable, which was Clean Water Notes for the construction of the new water pollution control facilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2017 budget tax rates. One of those factors is the economy and the benefits of continual development within the Town.

These indicators along with a projected modest inflationary increase were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2016-17.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town's Finance Department at 74 West Main Street, P.O. Box 488, Litchfield, Connecticut, 06759.

June 30, 2016

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total*
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,858,881	50	11,858,931
Investments		1,258,518		1,258,518
Receivables, net		1,937,635	132,605	2,070,240
Notes receivable		00.000	145,654	145,654
Inventory		60,606		60,606
Internal balances		(753,800)	753,800	-
Capital assets:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated		5,371,560		5,371,560
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		64,817,184	4,717,726	69,534,910
Total assets	\$_	84,550,584	5,749,835	90,300,419
D. C				
Deferred outflows on resources	•	477.004		477.004
Deferred charges	\$	477,231		477,231
Pension contibutions subsequent to		700.057		700.057
measurement date	_	732,057	·	732,057
,	_	1,209,288		1,209,288
Liabilities:				,
Accounts payable and other current liabities	\$	1,102,871	5,243	1,108,114
Accrued interest	Ψ	286,509	0,240	286,509
Unearned revenues		33,822	1,621	35,443
Bond anticipation notes		1,193,000	1,021	1,193,000
Claims incurred, but not reported		208,279		208,279
Noncurrent liabilities:		200,210		200,210
Due within one year		2,575,625	306,684	2,882,309
Due in more than one year		26,140,343	1,618,446	27,758,789
Total liabilities	s ⁻	31,540,449	1,931,994	33,472,443
	-			30,112,110
Deferred Inflows on Resources				
Advance tax collections	\$	55,320		55,320
Total deferred inflow on resources	\$	55,320	-	55,320
	_			
Net Position:			· · ·	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	48,047,912	2,938,250	50,986,162
Restricted for:				
Donor's Intentions		10,398		10,398
Debt service				-
Unrestricted	_	6,105,793	879,591	6,985,384
Total net position	\$	54,164,103	3,817,841	57,981,944

^{*} After internal balances have been eliminated

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Program Revenues
Functions/programs		Expenses	Charges for Services
Primary Government:			
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$	1,883,447	544,362
Public safety		1,242,318	21,977
Public works		5,005,079	66,816
Community service		52,649	27,928
Cultural and recreation		800,543	95,777
Education		19,707,240	278,213
Interest on long-term debt	_	704,830	150,024
Total governmental activities	\$	29,396,106	1,185,097
Business-type activities:			
Water Pollution Control Authority	\$	895,217	1,184,918
Interest on long-term debt		42,014	.,,
Total business-type activities	\$	937,231	1,184,918
Total primary government	\$	30,333,337	2,370,015

•		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Program Revenues		Primary Government					
Operating Capital Grants and Grants ar Contributions Contribution	nd	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
			•				
38,439		(1,300,646)		(1,300,646)			
		(1,220,341)		(1,220,341)			
387,567 816,	617	(3,734,079)		(3,734,079)			
		(24,721)		(24,721)			
		(704,766)		(704,766)			
2,715,600		(16,713,427)		(16,713,427)			
		(554,806)		(554,806)			
3,141,606 816,	<u>617 </u>	(24,252,786)		(24,252,786)			
			289,701	289,701			
			(42,014)	(42,014)			
<u> </u>		-	247,687	247,687			
3,141,606 816,6	<u>617 </u>	(24,252,786)	247,687	(24,005,099)			
General revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	27,217,737		27,217,737			
Grants and contributions not	Ψ.	27,217,707		21,211,101			
restricted for specific programs		153,274		153,274			
Unrestricted investment earnings		39,157	4,694	43,851			
Other unrestricted income		47,836		47,836			
Transfers	_	(3,401,115)	3,401,115				
Total general revenues and transfer	rs \$_	24,056,889	3,405,809	27,462,698			
Change in net position	\$_	(195,897)	3,653,496	3,457,599			
Net position,beginning		54,360,000	-	54,360,000			
Prior period adjustment			164,345	164,345			
Net position, beginning, restated	_	54,360,000	164,345	54,524,345			
Net position, ending	\$	54,164,103	3,817,841	57,981,944			
	_						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

		General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	_	30110747	1 10,000	Tando	Tands
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,748,880		110,001	11,858,881
Investments	•	966,111		,	966,111
Receivables, net		743,098	330,501	864,036	1,937,635
Due from other funds		1,129,010	3,018,863	1,969,618	6,117,491
Inventories		60,606	0,0.0,000	1,000,010	60,606
Total assets	\$_	14,647,705	3,349,364	2,943,655	20,940,724
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts and other payables	\$	814,511	235,222	53,138	1,102,871
Due to other funds	•	8,452,296	1,129,010		9,581,306
Unearned revenues		-,,	1,122,212	33,822	33,822
Bond anticipation notes			1,193,000	00,022	1,193,000
Total liabilities	\$_	9,266,807	2,557,232	86,960	11,910,999
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable receipts		595,617		864,036	1,459,653
Payment in advance	_	55,320			55,320
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	650,937		864,036	1,514,973
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	\$	60,606			60,606
Restricted for:					
Donor's intentions				10,398	10,398
Committed for:					
Capital Outlays			926,198		926,198
Specified use				501,980	501,980
Assigned		465,792		1,494,182	1,959,974
Unassigned		4,203,563	(134,066)	(13,901)	4,055,596
Total fund balances	\$	4,729,961	792,132	1,992,659	7,514,752
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$	14,647,705	3,349,364	2,943,655	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,2.12,22.		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the stater	ment of net position	(Exhibit A) are diff	erent because:	
Capital assets used in the governmental active reported in the funds.	rities are	not financial resour	ces and therefore, a	are not	70,188,744
Other long-term assets are not available to p	ay for cu	rrent period expend	itures, and, therefor	e,	, ,
are deferred in the funds.					2,191,710
Internal service funds are used by managem funds. The assets and liabilities of the internactivities column in the statement of net po	al servic	=	-		2,794,143
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable therefore are not reported in the funds.	, are not	due and payable in	the current period a	and	(28,525,246)
Net position of governmental activities (Ex	hibit A)			- \$	
				. ^Φ =	54,164,103

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	_				
Property taxes and assessments	\$	27,182,059			27,182,059
Intergovernmental		3,694,739	815,717	1,418,829	5,929,285
Charges for services		492,568	900	455,526	948,994
Investment income		39,137		20	39,157
Miscellaneous		47,836		307,328	<u>355,164</u>
Total revenues	\$_	31,456,339	816,617	2,181,703	34,454,659
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	\$	1,289,849		234,955	1,524,804
Public safety		903,892		·	903,892
Public works		2,921,026			2,921,026
Public health		35,557			35,557
Culture and recreation		622,189		70,693	692,882
Education		20,120,031		1,241,466	21,361,497
Other		1,841,785		28,916	1,870,701
Capital outlay			3,371,621	,	3,371,621
Debt service		3,069,998			3,069,998
Total expenditures	\$_	30,804,327	3,371,621	1,576,030	35,751,978
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	\$	652,012	(2,555,004)	605,673	(1,297,319)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer from other funds	\$	59,850	1,044,964		1,104,814
Transfer to other funds	Ψ	(759,964)	(721,000)	(355,177)	(1,836,141)
Premium on bond issuance		5,063	(721,000)	(555,177)	(1,636,141) 5,063
Proceeds from sale of bonds		.0,000	•		5,005
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(695,051)	323,964	(355,177)	(726,264)
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	Ψ	(090,001)	323,304	(333,177)	(120,204)
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(43,039)	(2,231,040)	250,496	(2,023,583)
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning	_	4,773,000	3,023,172	1,742,163	9,538,335
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$	4,729,961	792,132	1,992,659	7,514,752

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Differences in amounts reported for government wide activities in the Statement of Activities are due to:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ (2,023,583)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	3,087,551
Revenues previously recognized in the statement of activities that provided	
current financial resources in the current year.	(67,553)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,525,884
Transfer of capital assets, debt and long-term assets into the business-type fund from the government funds	(2,669,788)
The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (48,408)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ (195,897)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

•				Actual	Variance With
		Budgeted A	mounte	Amounts Budgetary	Final Budget Positive/
		Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
				•	\tagaara _j
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	26,968,335	26,968,335	27,182,059	213,724
Intergovernmental		1,671,949	1,671,949	1,701,895	29,946
Charges for services		449,249	449,249	492,568	43,319
Investment income		25,000	25,000	39,137	14,137
Other revenues	_	5,000	5,000	47,836	42,836
Total revenues	\$_	29,119,533	29,119,533	29,463,495	343,962
Expenditures:					
Current:	,				
General government	\$	1,352,844	1,382,591	1,339,840	42,751
Public safety	•	864,526	895,761	862,572	33,189
Public works		3,109,559	3,158,166	3,022,547	135,619
Health and welfare		39,678	39,678	35,091	4,587
Cultural and recreation		632,348	632,349	622,689	9,660
Education		18,202,902	18,202,902	18,125,347	77,555
Capital Improvement		75,000	75,000	75,000	
Other		1,832,527	1,722,937	1,656,361	66,576
Debt service:			, ,		,
Principal retirements		2,672,805	2,672,805	2,672,805	-
Interest and other charges		757,898	757,898	757,897	1
Bond anticipation notes		4,114	4,114	4,114	-
Total expenditures	\$_	29,544,201	29,544,201	29,174,263	369,938
Revenues over (under) expenditure	s \$	(424,668)	(424,668)	289,232	713,900
nevenues ever (under) experiences	_	(12/,000)	(121,000)	200,202	7 10,000
Other financing sources (uses):					
Premium on debt issuance	\$	-	-	5,063	5,063
Debt reimbursement	_	424,668	424,668	424,668	424,668
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	424,668	424,668	429,731	429,731
Revenues Over Expenditures and Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)	\$_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	718,963	1,143,631
				-	
Less:					
Change in nonspe	endab	le		10,394	
Appropriation to C	Capita	projects		(734,964)	
Appropriation to p				(196,000)	
Prior years purcha		-	_	(72,000)	
Net Change in un	assigr	ned fund balance	\$	(273,607)	
Unassigned fund	balan	ce, July 1, 2015	_	4,477,170	
Unassigned fund l	baland	ce, June 30, 2016	\$ ₌	4,203,563	

STATEMENT OF NET FUND POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

·			
•		Business-type	Governmental
		Activities	Activities
•		Water	Internal
		Pollution	Service
		Control	Funds
		Control	Tunus
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	. \$	- 50	
Investments	Ψ	30	202.407
Receivables, net of allowance		132,605	292,407
Notes receivable, current portion			•
Due from other funds		19,330	0.740.045
Total current assets	. \$	753,800	2,710,015
Total current assets	. Ф_	905,785	3,002,422
Noncurrent assets:			
Notes receivable, less current portion	• \$	126,324	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	Ψ	4,717,726	
Total noncurrent assets	. \$	4,844,050	
Total Honourion about	Ψ_	4,044,000	<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$_	5,749,835	3,002,422
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$	5,243	
Payments in advance	Ψ	1,621	
Notes payable - current		306,684	
Total current liabilities	\$	313,548	
Total darront habitates	Ψ_	010,040	<u>-</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Incurred, but not reported claims	\$		208,279
Notes payable, less current portion		1,618,446	200,21,0
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,618,446	208,279
	-		
Total liabilities	\$	1,931,994	208,279
Net Fund Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt	\$	2,938,250	
Unrestricted	Ψ	879,591	2 704 142
Total net fund position	\$_	3,817,841	2,794,143
i otal neciuna position	Ψ	0,017,041	2,794,143

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET FUND POSITION (DEFICIT) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Business-type Activities Water Pollution Control	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services and other revenues	. \$	1,183,760	3,261,183
Other revenues		1,158	
Total operating revenues	\$_	1,184,918	3,261,183
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	\$	428,035	
Claims and administrative		•	3,318,609
Material and supplies		49,694	. ,
Utilities		64,039	
Depreciation		134,585	
Administration and operation	_	218,864	
Total operating expenses	\$_	895,217	3,318,609
Operating income (loss)	\$_	289,701	(57,426)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	\$	4,694	9,018
Interest expense		(42,014)	-,
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	(37,320)	9,018
Transfer from other funds	\$	3,401,115	_
	\$_	3,401,115	
Change in Net Fund Position	\$	3,653,496	(48,408)
Net Fund Position (Deficit), beginning Prior period adjustment		164,345	2,842,551
Net Fund Position, restated	\$_	164,345 \$_	2,842,551
Net Fund Position, (Deficit), ending	\$	3,817,841	2,794,143

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Business-type Activities Water Pollution Control	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	-		T drido
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,199,532 (428,035) (339,617)	3,261,183 (3,264,577)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$_	431,880	(3,394)
Cook Flows From Nonconital and Balatad Financian Activities			
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities Transfer in and payments made through governmental activities Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	\$_	(43,226)	80,213
and related financing activities	\$_	(43,226)	80,213
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Purchase of capital assets		(50,603)	
Reciepts on notes related to capital debt		22,074	
Principal payments on capital debt	\$	(322,805)	
Interest paid on capital debt	_	(42,014)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital			
and related financing activities	\$_	(393,348)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest received on investments	\$	4,694	9,018
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	4,694	9,018
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	85,837
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning	_	50_	206,570
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending	\$	50	292,407
			292,407
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	(Used I	1)	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	289,701	(57,426)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			(01,120)
Depreciation		134,585	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in receivable accounts		14,357	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,020)	
Increase (decrease) in payments in advance		257	
Increase (decrease) in claims incurred but not reported			54,032
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	431,880	(3,394)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

		Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	258,919	179,807
Receivbles other		75,000	388,014
Investments, at fair value:			
Equities		10,136,203	
Common Stock		4,737,263	
Mutual Funds		758,258	
U.S. government obligations	_	506,827	
Total assets	\$_	16,472,470	567,821
Liabilities			
Other liabilities	\$		0.00
Held for deposit for others	_		567,821
Total liabilities	\$_	 .	567,821
Net Position:			,
Held in trust for benefits			
and other purposes	\$ _	16,472,470	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Contributions and donations	\$	931,977
Total contributions	\$	931,977
Investment earnings:		
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$	(129,069)
Interest and dividends		366,046
Less: Investment expenses		(69,244)
Total investment earnings	\$_	167,733
Total additions	\$_	1,099,710
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits	\$	903,793
	_	
Total deductions	\$	903,793
	_	
Change in net position	\$	195,917
NET POSITION, beginning	\$	16,276,553
NET POSITION, ending	\$	16,472,470

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Town of Litchfield, Connecticut (the Town) was incorporated in 1719. It operates under a Selectmen/Town Meeting form of government with a Board of Finance and provides general government, public safety, public works, recreation, health and welfare, education services and sanitation services.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting board for governmental accounting financial reporting principles. These principles require that the Town report government-wide and fund financial statements, which are described below.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Government activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately than business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment of, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity, or internal balances, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are charges between the business-type funds and the various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Fund financial statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds even though the later are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability has occurred, as under accrual accounting. However expenditures related to long-term liabilities, such as debt service payments and compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are levied on all taxable assessed property on the grand list of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments (July 1 and January 1). Personal property taxes are payable annually (July 1) and motor vehicle taxes are due in one single payment on July 1. Liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year. Revenues from property taxes are recognized when they become available. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers property tax revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments and interest revenue. Fines, permits and charges for services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Intergovernmental revenues grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligible requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are collected soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, grants may be recognized and received after 60 days of the fiscal year end.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the general operating fund of the Town's government. All unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in this fund. From this fund are paid general operating expenditures, fixed charges, principal and interest on long-term debt and capital improvement costs of the Town, which were not paid through a special fund.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for resources used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements and equipment. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds and capital grants. Other sources include current tax revenues and low interest state loans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Pollution Control Authority (W.P.C.A.)* accounts for the operations of the Town's wastewater treatment system. The Town operates its own sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection system. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *internal service fund* account for employee heart and hypertension and workers' compensation insurance provided to departments of the Town.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. An example includes the Plumb Memorial Library, which maintains the assets received through contributions, fees and charges of the library.

The **agency funds** account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies such as student activity funds, senior trip funds and performance bonds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and the enterprise funds reported in the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their government-wide and propriety fund financial statements subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of operations and maintenance, provisions for doubtful accounts, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town considers cash on hand, deposits and short-term investments, with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition

Investments

Investments are stated at the fair value using quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the consumption method on the first-in, first-out basis for governmental fund types.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable as financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables, including those for W.P.C.A. funds, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade account receivables allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated based on the inherent risk associated with the accounts.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$20,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the net assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Infrastructure	10-65
Machinery and equipment	5-20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Capital assets are reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

The Statement of net position (Exhibit A) reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until a future period. The Town reports borrowing costs as well as a deferred charge on refunding as a result from the differences in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the related debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension is reported resulting from Town pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date (June 30, 2015). These amounts are deferred and will be included as pension expense in the subsequent year.

The statement of net position (Exhibit A) and the Balance Sheet for the government funds (Exhibit C) report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element represents the addition of net position or fund balance that applies to future period and will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The Town reports advance tax collections in the statement of net position and the balance sheet for the government funds. The Town reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the statement of net position.

A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner. The government funds report unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting because it does not meet the measurable and available criteria for the recognition in the current period.

Compensated absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, Town and Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick time in varying amounts based on length of service. Certain employees may also carry over a limited number of unused vacation days to subsequent years based on the terms of an employment or union contract. In the event of termination, these employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation. The Town recognizes a liability in the government-wide financial statements for the vested portion, as well as the unvested portion to the extent expected to be paid, as compensated absences.

Net pension liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Net OPEB assets/obligations

The net OPEB asset/obligation represents the cumulative difference between the annual pension/OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plans. The amounts are calculated on an actuarial basis and are recorded as noncurrent assets and/or noncurrent liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the terms of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund equity and net position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

The **restricted net position** represent amounts of external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors and laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The *unrestricted net position* represents the net position of the Town which are not restricted for any project or other purpose.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified into two separate categories. The five categories and their general meanings are as follows:

The **nonspendable** are those net assets that are not in expendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained.

The **restricted fund balances** are defined in the same manner as for the restricted government-wide net assets.

Committed fund balances are those balances that can only be used for a specific purpose as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. For the *Town of Shelton*, that was considered to be the Board of Aldermen.

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are contained by the government's intent to be used as a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is defined as the residual classification for the general fund and includes those remaining balances that cannot be categorized in the four categories.

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

General Fund

The Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual presented in the financial statements for the General Fund is on the budgetary basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than the accrual basis and the modified basis of accounting. The budgetary basis of accounting and the Town's general budget policies are as follows:

- A. Prior to July 1 of each year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- B. The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between appropriations and can approve additional these estimates and may revise them as he deems advisable, except that in the case of the department of education, he has the authority to revise only the total estimated expenditures.
- C. The formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- D. Legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.
- E. Other than the Department of Education, all transfers \$20,000 or greater require approval from the Board of Finance and the approval of the Town Meeting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

A reconciliation of General Fund operations and fund balance presented on a budgetary basis to the amounts presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) is as follows:

	_	Revenues	Expenditures and Encumbrances
Balance, budgetary basis	\$	29,463,495	29,174,263
Encumbrances of June 30, 2016 Encumbrances of June 30, 2015			(465,792) 309,989
Education grant: Excess Cost		175,056	175,056
Reclassify capital appropriation			(439,818)
Dog fund expenses			36,841
Special appropriation to pension State Teachers' Retirement "on-behalf"			196,000
payment, not recognized for budgetary purposes	_	1,817,788	1,817,788
Balance, GAAP basis	\$_	31,456,339	30,804,327

The other financial sources (uses) were adjusted as follows:

Balance, budgetary basis	\$	429,731
W.P.C.A debt payment Reclassify capital appropriation Special appropriation, Capital Dog fund appropriation	s —	(364,818) (75,000) (734,964) 50,000
Balance, GAAP basis	Ψ	(695,051)

Special Revenue Funds

The Town does not have legally adopted annual budgets for the Special Revenue Funds. Budgets for the various special revenue funds which are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the grantor agencies. Such budgets carry over until completion of the grants and, therefore, may comprise more than one fiscal year.

Capital Projects Funds

Legal authorization for expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds is provided by the related bond ordinances and/or intergovernmental grant agreements or Connecticut State Statutes. Capital appropriations do not lapse until the purpose for which the appropriation was made has been accomplished or abandoned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Note 3 - Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Government Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The details of the components included in Exhibit C are as follows:

Capitalized assets are expensed in the fund financial statements in the period the expense is incurred while the expense is incurred over the useful life of the related asset in the government-wide financial statements:

Land	\$	1,679,473
Construction in progress		3,692,087
Net capital assets being depreciated		64,817,184
Net adjustment to increase fund balance to arrive	_	<u>—</u>
at net position of government activities	\$_	70,188,744

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The detail of this difference is as follows:

Net long-term debt	\$ (21,854,323)
Compensated absences	284,513
Net pension obligation	(6,071,651)
Claims and judgments	(20,000)
Accrued interest on debt	(286,509)
Liabilities related to the landfill	(8,250)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance to arrive	
at net position of government activities	\$ 28,525,246

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. This amount includes the following:

Delinquent property tax and interest	\$ 595,617
Delinquent accounts receivable	115,693
Deferred outflow of pension contributions	732,057
Notes receivable – assessments	748,343
Net adjustment to increase fund balance to	
arrive at net position of government	
activities	\$ 2,191,710

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues,</u> Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Acquisitions	\$ 3,977,988
Depreciation	(890,437)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 3,087,551

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Accrued interest (14,509) Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances to arrive at changes in net position of	Payments of debt Deferred portion on refunding Premium new issuances Net change in compensated absences Net change in claims and judgment estimates Net change in pension obligation Net change in other long-term liabilities	\$ 2,350,000 (39,769) 69,446 (1,513) 3,000 (843,521) 2,750
	Accrued interest	
governmental activities \$ 1,525,884	balances to arrive at changes in net position of	\$ 1 525 884

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

The Town's deposits and investments are presented in the accompanying balance sheets as follows:

		Deposit	Investments	Total
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Governmental activities	\$	11,858,881	-	11,858,881
Business-type activities		50	-	50
Fiduciary funds		179,807	-	179,807
Investments:				
Governmental activities		-	1,258,518	1,258,518
Fiduciary funds	-	258,119	16,138,551	16,396,670
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ _	12,296,857	17,397,069	29,693,926

Deposits

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The carrying amounts of the Town's deposits at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Bank Deposit Accounts Cash on Hand	\$ 12,296,807 50
Total Deposits	\$ 12,296,857

Custodial Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits had bank balances of approximately \$13,756,473. The amount of the bank balance covered under federal depository insurance was approximately \$1,500,000. The remaining deposits were uninsured, however, provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes provide for protection against loss in excess of deposit insurance by requiring all qualified public depositories to maintain segregated collateral for public deposits. As of June 30, 2016 approximately \$1,225,000 of uninsured deposits were collateralized under the provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

As of June 30, 2016, the Town held the following investments:

Investment Type	Fund	Fair Value	Weighted Average to Maturity (years)	Risk
State Investment Fund	General Fund	\$ 966,011	.02	
State Investment Fund	Internal Service	292,407	.02	-
U.S. government obligations	Trust Funds	506,827	2.64	AA+
Mutual Funds	Trust Funds	758,258	n/a	-
Common Stock	Trust Funds	4,737,263	n/a	A-/AA+
Equities	Trust Funds	10,136,203	n/a	-
Total Investments		\$ 17,397,069		

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates which will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town has, for the Pension Trust Funds, an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the Town's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by General State Statute Chapter 112, Section 7-400.

Investment Policies

The Pension Commissions Investment Policy requires its fixed income portion to be high quality bonds managed consistent with Union Savings Bank's forecast of interest rates, inflation and valuation levels. The benchmark is the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Index for high quality and the J.P. Morgan Developed B/B Index for high yield.

The Pension Commission's benchmark for large capitalization companies is the S&P 500 Index, and for small capitalization companies uses the Russell 2000. The benchmark for international equities is the Morgan Stanley EAFE Index. The Policy uses these asset allocation targets; Equities 50%-70%; Fixed Income 30%-50%; Cash 0-20%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Other than the private purpose trust funds, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Investment Policy (described in the preceding paragraph) further limits its investment choices. The Town's interest-bearing investments are not subject to rating.

Note 5 - Receivables, Deferred Revenue and Payables

Receivables

The receivables as of June 30, 2016 for the Town's individual major funds and non-major, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		Governmental Funds					
		General Fund	Capital Projects	Non-major Funds	Total		
Property taxes	\$	743,078			743,078		
Intergovernmental			330,501	115,692	446,193		
Accounts		20			20		
Assessments Net Total	_			748,344	748,344		
Receivables	\$	743,098	330,501	864,036	1,937,635		

The receivables as of June 30, 2016 for the Town's business-type activities are as follows:

	_	W.P.C.A.
Accounts	\$	132,605
Notes		145,654
Net Total Receivables	\$	278,259

Note Receivable – Business-Type Activity

Pursuant to a 1984 agreement between the Towns of Litchfield and Morris, the Town of Litchfield receives and treats sanitary sewage from the Town of Morris at the Litchfield Sewage Treatment Plant. The agreement required the Town of Morris to finance Sewage Treatment Plant capital costs that benefit the Town of Morris. In a prior year, the Town of Litchfield Water Pollution Control Authority assessed the Town of Morris Sewer Authority for costs incurred to upgrade the Sewage Treatment Plant. Details of the assessment required the Town of Morris Sewer Authority to finance project costs incurred to date of \$214,583, and future General Obligation Debt principal, and interest at 2%, costs of the Town of Litchfield totaling \$244,649. Terms of the assessment include annual payments of \$22,074, including principal and interest. A final payment of \$1,825 will be due in October 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Note Receivable – Town of Morris	\$_	164,608		18,954	145,654	19,330
Total business- type activities	\$_	164,608		18,954	145,654	19,330

Deferred payments and unavailable receipts

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the fiscal year the components of deferred revenue and unearned revenues reported in the governmental fund were as follows:

	-	Unavailable	Unearned	Total
General Fund:				
Delinquent property taxes	\$	595,617		595,617
Delinquent receivable				
Advanced tax collections			55,320	55,320
Assessments				
Other Governmental Funds:				
Intergovernmental		115,692	33,822	149,514
Ass19essments	_	748,344		748,344
Total deferred portion	\$_	1,459,653	89,142	1,548,795

Payables

Payables as of June 30, 2016 for the Town's individual major funds and non-major funds were as follows:

	_	Vendors	Payroll	Cash Overdraft	Total
General Fund	\$	701,841	112,670		814,511
Capital Projects Fund		235,222			235,222
Non-major Funds	_	53,138			53,138
Total governmental funds	\$_	990,201	112,670		1,102,871_
Internal Service Funds	\$_				
W.P.C.A.	\$_	5,243_			5,243
External Balances	\$_				
Total Payables	\$_	995,444	112,670		1,108,114

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Temporary Notes Payables

Bond anticipation notes

The Town uses short-term notes payable in anticipation of bond-issuances to provide interim funding for various capital projects. Activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		lssued	Payments	Ending Balance
Bond anticipation notes:					
Capital Improvements	\$_	330,000	1,193,000	330,000	1,193,000
Total governmental funds	\$	330,000	1,193,000	330,000	1,193,000

Note 6 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Inter-funds Receivables and Payables

Inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects	\$ _	1,129,010
Capital Projects	General Fund		3,018,863
Internal Service	General Fund		2,710,015
Nonmajor	General Fund		1,969,618
OPEB Trust Fund	General Fund		75,000
W.P.C.A.	General Fund	_	753,800
	Total	\$	9,656,306

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor	\$ _	59,850
Capital Projects	General Fund		759,964
Capital Projects	Capital Projects		285,000
W.P.C.A.	Nonmajor		2,669,788
W.P.C.A.	Nonmajor		295,327
W.P.C.A.	Capital Projects	_	436,000
	Total	\$_	4,505,929

The net amount of capital assets, debt, and long-term assets transferred from a fund classified in the prior year as a nonmajor governmental fund to a current year proprietary fund was \$2,669,788.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities	-				
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	1,295,633	383,840		1,679,473
Construction in progress		3,678,956	13,131		3,692,087
Total capital assets, not being deprec.	\$	4,974,589	396,971		5,371,560
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	49,414,836	2,221,078		51,635,914
Machinery and equipment		9,081,645	494,800		9,576,445
Infrastructure		29,845,751	865,139		30,710,890
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	88,342,232	3,581,017		91,923,249
Less: Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	9,008,524	192,383		9,200,907
Machinery and equipment		6,469,160	187,223		6,656,383
Infrastructure		10,737,944	510,831		11,248,775
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	26,215,628	890,437		27,106,065
Net capital assets, being depreciated	\$_	62,126,604	2,690,580		64,817,184
Total capital assets, governmental	\$_	67,101,193	3,087,551		70,188,744

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 3,327
Public safety	80,455
Community Services	1,811
Public works	631,432
Recreation	9,881
Education	 163,531
•	
Total depreciation expense	\$ 890,437

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

June 30, 2016

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities	_				
Capital assets being depreciated:			*		
Buildings and improvements	\$	3,853,887			3,853,887
Machinery and equipment		27,000	50,603	,	77,603
Sewers		4,412,899			4,412,899
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	8,293,786	50,603		8,344,389
Less: Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	960,551	76,193		1,036,744
Machinery and equipment		27,000			27,000
Sewers		2,504,527	58,392		2,562,919
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	3,492,078	134,585		3,626,663
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$_	4,801,708	(83,982)		4,717,726
Total capital assets, business-type	\$	4,801,708	(83,982)		4,717,726

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

-	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Due In One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Long-Term Debt:						
General obligation bonds	\$	6,125,000		500,000	5,625,000	720,000
G.O.B refunding bonds	_	17,580,000		1,850,000	15,730,000	1,850,000
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	23,705,000		2,350,000	21,355,000	2,570,000
Deferred amount on:						
Issuance premium	_	1,046,000		69,446	976,554	
Net long-term debt	\$	24,751,000		2,419,446	22,331,554	2,570,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities:						
Compensated absence		283,000	1,513		284,513	
Net pension liability		4,237,785	1,642,708	856,977	5,023,516	
Net OPEB obligation		990,345	188,913	131,123	1,048,135	
Landfill closure		11,000		2,750	8,250	2,750
Claims and judgments Total governmental activities	-	22,875		2,875	20,000	2,875
long-term liabilities	\$_	30,296,005	1,833,134	3,413,171	28,715,968	2,575,625
Business-type Activities:						
Clean water fund notes Total business-type activities long-term	\$_	2,247,935		322,805	1,925,130	306,684
liabilities	\$	2,247,935		322,805	1,925,130	306,684
Total long-term liabilities	\$_	32,543,940	1,833,134	3,735,976	30,641,098	2,882,309

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business type activities and are direct obligations and pledge the good faith and credit of the government. Certain general obligation bonds are to be repaid by revenues of the enterprise funds. These bonds generally are issued as 5 year and 10 year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding general obligation bonded indebtedness of the Town was as follows:

	General	Refunding
\$2,655,000 GOB 2010, refunding, Series B issue of 2010, due 8/1/2016, interest at 2.0% to 3.75%, annual principal payments of \$825,000.	\$	825,000
\$8,405,000 GOB 2010, refunding issue of 2010, due 8/1/2020, interest at 2.0% to 4.0% annual principal payments of \$1,775,000 to \$2,625,000		5,350,000
\$1,355,000 GOB 2011, issue of 8/1/2011, due 8/1/2017, interest at 2.0 to 3.125%, annual principal payments of \$445,000	630,000	
\$7,555,000 GOB 2012, refunding issue of 8/1/2012, due 8/1/2023, interest at 3.0% to 4.0%, annual principal payments of approximately \$890,000		5,580,000
\$2,900,000 GOB 2013, issue of, due 8/1/2023, interest at 2.0% to 4%, annual principal payments of approximately \$890,000	2,150,000	
\$4,555,000 GOB 2014, refunding issue of 8/1/2014, due 8/1/2024, interest at 2.0% to 4.0%, annual principal payments of approximately \$1,185,000		3,975,000
\$2,130,000 GOB 2011, issue of 2013, due 8/24/2017, interest at 1.5% to 2.0%, annual principal payments of \$4,940,000 to \$20,000	1,575,000	
\$1,270,000 GOB 2014, issue of 2016, due 8/24/2017, interest at 2.0% to 4.0%, annual principal payments of \$4,940,000 to \$20,000	1,270,000	
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 5,625,000	15,730,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Annual debt service requirements for government funds to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended,		Governmental Activity		
June 30		Principal	Interest	
2017	- \$	2,570,000	632,551	
2018		2,565,000	552,129	
2019		2,475,000	471,795	
2020		2,495,000	392,353	
2021		2,345,000	308,765	
2022-2026		8,730,000	568,256	
2027-2031		175,000	3,938	
Total	\$	21,355,000	2,929,787	

Bonds authorized but unissued

Under regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service, effective March 2, 1992, in order for capital projects to be funded through tax-exempt debt, all projects must be appropriated and designated as being funded through debt prior to any expenditure on these projects.

The Town has authorized but unissued bonds relating to capital projects at June 30, 2016, as follows:

		Authorized and
	Authorized	Unissued
2007-08 Capital Improvements	\$ 1,099,000	732
2008-09 Capital Improvements	1,650,000	30,000
2009-10 Capital Improvements	1,355,000	56,099
2010-11 Capital Improvements	1,800,000	84,354
2012-13 Capital Improvements	5,100,000	1,167,156
2013-14 Capital Improvements	2,965,000	414,247
2014-15 Capital Improvements	3,020,000	1,035,309
2015-16 Capital Improvements	5,745,000	3,323,427
Total		\$ 6,111,324

A portion of bonds authorized and unissued will be reduced by grants received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Clean Water Fund Loans Payable

The Town has an outstanding balance on loans payable to the State of Connecticut's Department of Environmental Protection, under its Clean Water Fund Program, for sanitary sewer projects. The individual loans were as follows:

		Original		
Note	Date of Issue	Amount		Balance
CWF PLO 181-C	07/29/1999	570,427	\$	69,945
CWF PLO 396-C	1/30/1998	900,340		31,377
CWF PLO 499-C	7/31/2004	4,595,198		1,823,808
Total Clean Water Fund	Loans		\$_	1,925,130

These loans bear interest at 2% per annum and the annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended		Business-type Activity			
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest		
2017	- \$ -	306,684	35,571		
2018		280,864	29,804		
2019		254,822	24,399		
2020		257,054	19,307		
2021		262,243	14,119		
2022-2026	_	563,463	12,290		
	\$	1,925,130	135,490		

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

The Town's estimated costs to monitor the landfill for the next three years are \$8,250 at June 30, 2016. This amount is based on estimates that are subject to change due to inflation, technology or applicable laws and regulations.

Claims and Judgments

In connection with the settlement of claims brought against the Town by a neighborhood alleging that the Town's landfill contaminated their drinking water, the Town agreed to pay to connect the residents to the Town water supply and pay their water bills for 20 years. The properties were connected during 2001, and, at June 30, 2016, \$20,000 has been accrued as an estimate of the cost to provide water for the remaining 7 years of the agreement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies

Lawsuits

There were several personal injury, negligence and personnel related lawsuits pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability of the Town, if any in these cases, is not known at this time. Based upon consultation with counsel, the Town's management estimates that potential claims against the Town not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the Town.

Risk Management and Self-Insurance

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for employee health and medical claims. For all types of commercial coverage, settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

Under Public Act 9-342, health insurance for retired teachers, subsidy equal to the equivalents flat dollar premium amount of Blue Cross 65/Blue Shield 65 is paid by the State directly to the local school districts. Where it is applied to reduce premium payments of the retired members' 1% supplemental contributions, since July 1, 1989, have been directly to a dedicated health insurance fund. There is no cost to the Town.

The activities of the self insured employee medical are recorded in an internal service fund. Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield administers the plan. The Town and Board of education contribute to the plan through the general fund and the W.P.C.A contributes through the enterprise fund based on the administrators best estimates based on historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$100,000 per participant per year with an individual stop-loss policy that would cover claims exceeding 120% of the total estimated claims for the plan year.

Claims transactions for the last two years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Claims Payable Beginning	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	Claims Payable Ending
2015	163,000	2,792,000	2,801,000	154,000
2016	154,000	3,372,888	3,318,609	208,279

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Employee Retirement Plans

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Town Retirement Plan

The Town has a defined benefit retirement plan (the Town Plan) covering substantially all employees of the Town and Board of Education except certified staff of the Board of Education covered by the State Teachers' Retirement Board Plan. The Town is the administrator of this single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered to provide pension benefits for its employees. The Town Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Employees are eligible to participate in the Town Plan when they complete 1 year of eligible service, have completed 1,000 hours during the first 12 months of employment and have attained the age of 18. For employees who do not complete 1,000 hours of service during the first 12 months of employment, eligibility begins on the first day of the year during which 1,000 hours were completed. Employees are 100% vested after 5 years of credited service.

Management of the plans rests with the PERS Board, which consists of five voting members and two alternate members. Members of the Board are appointed by the Board of Selectmen. The First Selectman serves as an ex-officio member.

All employees hired after July 1, 2012 will only be eligible to participate in the defined contribution plan for which the Town will contribute a sum equal to 3% of the employee's biweekly wages to a 401A account commencing the first payroll after the employee's one year anniversary.

Merit Service Plan

This defined benefit retirement plan (the Merit Service Plan) covers all volunteer firemen who belong to the volunteer fire departments and, as of July 1, 1992, the members of the volunteer ambulance corps. Volunteer firemen and ambulance corps members are eligible to participate in the Merit Service Plan on July 1 following the date on which one year of eligible service has been completed.

The Town's pension plans do not use issue stand-alone financial statements.

Membership in the plans consisted of the following at July 1, 2014 the date of the last actuarial valuation:

	Town Plan	Merit Service Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	63	53
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet		
receiving benefits	34	50
Active plan members	80_	170
Total	177	273

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the two defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

For the Town Plan, effective July 1, 2015 all active employees will be required to contribute 1% of their salary to the defined benefit plan. The Town is required to contribute amounts necessary to fund the Plan. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town of Litchfield.

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocation over short time spans.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.01% for the Town Plan and 1.02% for the Merit Plan. The dollar-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability of the Town

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	-	Town Plan	Merit Service Plan
Total pension liability	\$	16.343.434	\$ 4,053,725
Plan fiduciary net position	_	12,004,230	3,369,413
Net pension liability	\$ =	4,339,204	\$ 684,312
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.45%	83.12%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increase	4.0%, average, including inflation (0% for Merit Plan)
Investment rate of return	7.0%, per year

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table combined version for small plans – separate male and female rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2014.

Long Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class include in both pension plan's as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US equities	46.00%	5.60%
REIT	3.00%	4.50%
International developed economies	6.00%	5.90%
International emerging economies	5.00%	7.20%
High quality bond	33.00%	2.10%
High yield bond	5.00%	4.00%
Cash equivalents	2.00%	0.80%
·	100.00%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% for both plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Town Plan

•		Increase (Decrease)			
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	15,601,104	11,903,749	3,697,355	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		358,531	-	358,531	
Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience		1,092,779	-	1,092,779	
Employer contributions		-	682,350	(682,350)	
Employee contributions		-	20,527	(20,527)	
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refund to employee		- (700,000)	116,523	(116,523)	
contributions	\$	(708,980)	(718,919)	9,939	
Net changes	Ψ.	742,330	100,481_	641,849	
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ _	16,343,434	12,004,230_	4,339,204	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Merit Service Plan

		Increase (Decrease)			
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	3,903,023	3,362,593	540,430	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		59,412		59,412	
Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience		271,181	-	271,181	
Employer contributions		-	154,100	(154,100)	
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refund to employee		-	33,109	(33,109)	
contributions	\$_	(179,891)	(180,389)_	498	
Net changes	-	150,702	6,820	143,882	
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$_	4,053,725	3,369,413	684,312	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent point lower (6.00%) or 1 percent higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Town Plan net pension liability	\$	6,013,946	4,339,204	2,895,146
Merit Service Plan net pension liability		1,192,654	684,312	260,773

Pension Trust Funds

The Town maintains two pension trust funds (Town Employees Retirement Plan and Merit Service Plan) to account for its fiduciary responsibility. The following schedules present the net position held in trust for pension benefits at June 30, 2016 and the changes in net position for the year then ended.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Schedule of Net Position

		Town Retirement Plan	Merit Service Retirement Plan	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	186,129	53,141	239,270
Investments	·	11,818,101	3,316,272	15,134,373
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	12,004,230	3,369,413	15,373,643
Schedule of Changes in Net Position				
		Town Retirement Plan	Merit Service Retirement Plan	Total
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	682,350	154,100	836,450
Employee		20,527	-	20,527
Total	\$	702,877	154,100	856,977
Investment Income: Net appreciation(depreciation) in fair value of	c	(07.500)	(07.440)	(404.000)
Investments	\$	(97,568)	(27,412)	(124,980)
Interest and dividends	æ	268,073	75,783	343,856
Total	\$	170,505	48,371	218,876
Less investment expense		53,982	15,262	60.244
Investment management fees Net investment income	\$	116,523		69,244
	φ \$	819,400	33,109	149,632
Total additions	Φ	619,400	187,209	1,006,609
Deductions: Benefits		718,919	180,389	800 308
Net increase	\$	100,481	6,820	899,308 107,301
Net position and beginning of year	φ \$	11,903,749	3,362,593	15,266,342
Net position at end of year	Ψ. \$	12,004,230	3,369,413	15,373,643
Met position at end of year	Ψ	12,007,200	0,000,710	10,010,040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$741,108 and \$136,346 for the Town Plan and Merit Plan, respectively.

	Town Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources	Merit Service Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ -	-
on pension plan investments	571,400	160,657
Total	\$ 571,400	160,657

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Town Retirement Plan	Merit Service Retirement Plan	Total
2017	\$	142,850	40,164	183,014
2018		142,850	40,164	183,014
2019		142,850	40,164	183,014
2020	-	142,850	40,165	183,015
Total	\$_	571,400	160,657	732,057

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Teachers' Retirement

All Town of Litchfield Board of Education certified employees participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut.

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools, and professional employees at State schools of higher education are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System — a cost sharing, multiemployer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The Teachers' Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106, by calling 860-702-3480, or by visiting the State's website www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service. Benefits are reduced for those retiring before normal retirement age.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut is amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earning, is expected to finance the costs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employer (School Districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Participants are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual salary to the System as required by CGS Section 10-183b (7). For the year ended June 30, 2016, \$611,937 mandatory contributions were deducted from the salaries of teachers who were participants in the System. The estimated covered payroll for the Town was \$8,440,514.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The State has a statutory requirement to pay 100% of the required plan contribution, therefore as of June 30, 2016; the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension

liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the	
Town	 22,686,851
Total net pension liability	\$ 22,686,851

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the Town has recognized, in the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$1,817,788 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the Town.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%
Salary increase 3.75-7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Mortality rates were based on the PR-2000 combined Mortality Table RP-2000 projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

Future Cost-of-Living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to receive an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

Long Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Mutual Equity	25.0%	7.3%
Developed markets ISF	20.0%	7.5%
Emerging markets ISF	9.0%	8.6%
Core fixed income	13.0%	1.7%
Inflation linked bonds	6.0%	1.3%
Emerging market debt	4.0%	4.8%
High yield bonds	2.0%	3.7%
Real estate	5.0%	5.9%
Private investment	10.0%	10.9%
Liquidity fund	6.0%	0.7%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0. Any change in the discount rate would only have an effect on the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Plan</u>

On July 1, 2012 the Town established a defined contribution retirement plan that covers employees of the Town and Board of Education hired on or after July 1, 2012. This plan was adopted and can be amended by the Board of Selectmen. Under this plan, the Town contributes an amount equal to 3% each year of an eligible employee's wages into a 401(k) on the employee behalf. In addition, eligible employees may make an additional contribution up to the amount allowed by law. There are currently seven participants in the plan as of June 30, 2016, and contributions of \$11,990 have been made.

Note 11 – Other Postemployment Benefits

Overview

The Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Board of Education (BOE). The RHP provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. All employees of the BOE are eligible to participate in the plan.

A trust was officially established on March 29, 2011 between the Town of Litchfield and the Litchfield Board of Education and the Town's Pension Commission. The monies in the OPEB special revenue fund were transferred to the OPEB trust fund at that date. As in prior years, all expenses for postemployment benefits were paid out of the General Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At July 1, 2014, plan participation consisted of the following (not rounded):

Actives	122
Retirees or continuing spouses	27
Total participants	149

Funding Policy

The BOE provides certain retirees with health care and lump-sum benefits, in accordance with Teacher and Administrators union contracts. Provisions of the benefits are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Litchfield Education Association OPEB Contract Provisions

Upon retirement under the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, teachers will be provided at BOE expense:

Amount Benefit:

- 1. For those who retire either fiscal year 2008 or 2009:
 - a. \$5,000 on date of retirement and the BOE shall pay the cost of single health and dental insurance coverage under one of the plans (excluding the high deductable/health savings account option) offered by the BOE to actively employed teachers, less the contribution from the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Board, for a period of 5 years immediately following retirement; or,
 - b. Teachers who do not elect the option set forth in (a) above shall receive ten thousand dollars at the time of retirement and no other compensation or benefits.
- 2. For those who retire in fiscal year 2010 or before 2014:
 - a. \$5,000 at the time of retirement; or,
 - b. The BOE shall pay the cost of single health and dental insurance coverage under one of the plans (excluding the high, deductable/health savings account option) offered by the BOE to actively employed teachers, less the contribution from the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Board, for a period of 4 years immediately following retirement.
- 3. For those who retire after June 2013 or after the 4 or 5 year periods in (1) and (2) above the retiree must pay 100% of the cost for medical coverage.

Litchfield Administrators Association OPEB Contract Provisions

Upon retirement under the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, qualified administrators employed on or prior to June 30, 2005 and whose employment with the Litchfield Public Schools is at least 10 years will be provided at BOE expense:

- The cost of health and dental insurance coverage for the retiree and eligible dependents under one of the plans (excluding the high deductable/health savings account option) offered by the BOE to actively employed administrators, less contribution from the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Board, until eligible for Medicare; or,
- 2. \$5,000 annual payment until eligible for Medicare, age 65, or for 5 years immediately following retirement, whichever is less.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The BOE's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 15 years. The following table shows the components of the BOE's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the BOE's net OPEB obligation (asset):

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 206,921
Interest on OPEB obligation	69,324
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (87,332)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 188,913
Contributions made	 131,123
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 57,790
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	 990,345
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 1,048,135

The BOE's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended are presented below.

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	NET OPEB Obligation
6/30/2016	\$ 188,913	\$ 131,123	69.4%	\$ 1,048,135
6/30/2015	279,618	100,242	35.8%	990,345
6/30/2014	275,916	270,642	98.1%	810,969
6/30/2013	274,735	144,492	52.6%	805,695

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	-	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	-	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ration	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/2010	\$	-	\$ 5,373,000	\$	5,373,000	- %	\$ 8,077,489	66.5%
7/1/2012		620,872	3,124,371		2,503,499	20%	7,985,774	31.4%
7/1/2014		886,171	2,570,923		1,684,752	34%	12,218,837	13.8%

Employer Contributions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual Required Contribution	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of ARC Contributed
2016	\$ 206,921	\$ 131,123	63.8%
2015	294,364	100,242	34.1%
2014	290,566	270,642	93.1%
2013	287,017	144,492	50.3%

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credited actuarial cost method is used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 8% for 2014, decreasing .05% per year to an ultimate rate of 4% for 2022 and later. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the open group method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 20 years, open.

Note 12 – Prior Period Adjustment

Business-type Activities

The Water Pollution Control Authority's beginning net position was increased by \$164,345 as of July 1, 2015 to include the balance outstanding on the note receivable (see Note 5) from the Town of Morris under an agreement that required the Town of Morris to finance Litchfield Sewage Treatment Plant capital costs that benefit the Town of Morris.

Note 13 - Fund Deficits and Restrictions to Fund Position

Fund Deficits

The Town has the following Fund Deficits at June 30, 2016 and expects to eliminate the deficits in the future as follows:

Fund	Deficit	Plan For Elimination	
Renovation of Schools	\$ 134,066	Bond proceeds	
Construction in Progress	952,807	Bond proceeds	
Cafeteria Fund	13,901	Future grant receipts	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2016

Restricted Fund Position

			Restricted Net		
Fund			Position	Restriction	
Cemetery Trust	*	\$_	10,398	For donor intentions	

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

General Obligation Bond

On July 28, 2016, the Town issued a general obligation bond in the amount of \$6,438,000. The Bond will be paid over a 15 year period with an interest rate ranging from 2.1% - 3.0%. The bond will fund school and capital projects.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - TOWN PLAN

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	358,531	344,741	396,238
Interest		1,092,779	1,023,014	976,938
Differences between expected and actual experience			318,394	•
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(708,980)	(697,793)	(630,245)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ -	742,330	988,356	742,931
Total pension liability - beginning		15,601,104	14,612,748	13,869,817
Total pension liability - ending	\$ _	16,343,434	15,601,104	14,612,748
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer	\$	682,350	1,093,734	1,067,885
Contributions - employee	•	20,527	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,
Net investment income		116,523	304,997	1,289,448
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(718,919)	(697,793)	(630,245)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	100,481	700,938	1,727,088
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		11,903,749	11,202,811	9,475,723
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ _	12,004,230	11,903,749	11,202,811
Net pension liability - ending	\$ _	4,339,204	3,697,355	3,409,937
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		73.45%	76.30%	76.66%
Covered-employee payroll		4,272,039	4,107,730	4,397,899
Net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		101.57%	90.01%	77.54%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - MERIT SERVICE PLAN

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

·	_	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:			•	
Service cost	\$	59,412	59,412	65.858
Interest		271,181	258,709	247,891
Differences between expected and actual experience			33,529	,
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(179,891)	(167,268)	(138,757)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	150,702	184,382	174,992
Total pension liability - beginning	·	3,903,023	<u>3</u> ,718,641	3,543,649
Total pension liability - ending	\$	4,053,725	3,903,023	3,718,641
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer	\$	154,100	150,102	150,102
Contributions - employee			.,	100,102
Net investment income		33,109	97,690	395,941
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(180,389)	(167,268)	(138,757)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	6,820	80,524	407,286
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,362,593	3,282,069	2,874,783
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	3,369,413	3,362,593	3,282,069
Net pension liability - ending	\$	684,312	540,430	436,572
Plan flduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		83.12%	86.15%	88.26%
Covered-employee payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - TOWN PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered- employee Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered- employee Payroll
2016	669	682	(13)	4,272	15.96%
2015	844	1,094	(250)	4,108	26.63%
2014	828	1,068	(240)	4,398	24.28%
2013	838	838	-	N/A	N/A
2012	824	824	-	N/A	N/A
2011	726	726	-	N/A	N/A
2010	773	921	(148)	N/A	N/A
2009	609	530	79	N/A	N/A
2008	509	677	(168)	N/A	N/A
2007	360	391	(31)	N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: Measurement Date: July 1, 2014 June 30, 2016

Methods and assumptions used

to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

Inflation
Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Entry age Level dollar

14 years

Market value of assets

3.0% N/A

7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - MERIT SERVICE PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

Dete	uarially ermined tribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered- employee Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered- employee Payroll
2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007	107 150 150 188 188 212 224 160 115	154 150 150 188 188 212 198 145 126	(47) 26 15 (11) (3)	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Notes to Schedule Valuation Date: Measurement Date:		July 1, 2014 June 30, 2016	-		
Methods and assumptions use to determine contribution rate Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return		Entry age Level dollar 14 years Market value of a 3.0% N/A	ssets asion plan investm	ent expense, i	ncluding inflation

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - TOWN PLAN

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	1.01%	2.91%	13.76%

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - MERIT SERVICE PLAN

			•
	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	1.02%	2.97%	14.01%

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%	0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	\$ _	22,686,851	20,969,447
Total	=	22,686,851	20,969,447
City's covered-employee payroll		8,440,514	8,041,000
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		59.50%	61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms	None
--------------------------	------

Changes in assumptions

During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement, and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and

anticipated experience. These assumptions were

recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System

for the five year period ended June 30, 2010.

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Remaining amortization period 22.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increase 3.75-7.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of investment related expense

GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Year Ended June 30, 201	6
---------------------------------	---

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts - Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive/
	_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
PROPERTY TAXES	-				
Current years' levy	\$	26,468,335	26,468,335	26,699,040	230,705
Prior years' levies	•	325,000	325,000	320,472	(4,528)
Interest and penalties		175,000	175,000	162,547	(12,453)
Total property taxes	\$_	26,968,335	26,968,335	27,182,059	213,724
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
State grants for education	\$	1,496,732	1,496,732	1,548,621	51,889
Other state grants	*	175,217	175,217	153,274	(21,943)
Total intergovernmental	\$_	1,671,949	1,671,949	1,701,895	29,946
CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Licenses and permits	\$	5,600	5,600	10,181	4,581
Charges for services	٠.	434,649	434,649	475,007	40,358
Fines and forfeits		9,000	9,000	7,380	(1,620)
Total charges for services	\$_	449,249	449,249	492,568	43,319
INVESTMENT INCOME	\$_	25,000	25,000	39,137	14,137_
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	\$_	_5,000	5,000	47,836	42,836
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Debt Reimbursement	\$	424,668	424,668	424,668	-
Proceeds from bond	*	-	-	5,063	5,063
Total other financing sources	\$_	424,668	424,668	429,731	5,063
Total revenue & other financing sources	\$	29,544,201	29,544,201	29,893,226	349,025

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES, ENCUMBRANCES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts - Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive/	
	_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Board of Finance	\$	31,327	31,327	30,676	651	
Treasurer		7,618	7,665	7,680	(15)	
Vital statistics		400	400	303	97	
Registrars		29,863	32,380	32,380	-	
Elections		30,425	32,440	29,475	2,965	
Inland wetlands		8,000	14,260	14,260	-	
Economic development commission		500	500	-	500	
Board of tax review		800	800	81	719	
Planning and zoning		16,000	16,000	15,999	1	
Probate Court		7,883	7,883	7,883		
Finance department		155,762	156,799	156,799	-	
Land use administration		123,153	123,153	119,733	3,420	
City/Town clerk		119,738	120,176	113,968	6,208	
Computer equipment		78,925	78,925	78,693	232	
Zoning appeals board		5,500	21,500	21,499	1	
Legal services corporate counsel		84,100	84,100	78,994	5,106	
Central services		33,525	33,525	29,858	3,667	
Assessor		159,241	159,241	150,237	9,004	
Tax collector		116,286	116,769	111,399	5,370	
Municipal Management		186,686	187,636	186,794	842	
Building inspector		129,418	129,418	125,783	3,635	
Board of selectmen		27,694	27,694	27,346	348	
Total general government	\$	1,352,844	1,382,591	1,339,840	42,751	
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Litchfield emergency management	\$	5,763	5,763	3,977	1,786	
Ambulance	•	55,487	55,487	55,487	-,	
Fire marshal		76,293	78,476	72,311	6,165	
E911 Emergency		85,747	85,747	85,747	-	
Fire protection		364,517	364,517	355,624	8,893	
Patrol services		144,734	144,734	128,390	16,344	
Police department		131,985	161,037	161,036	1	
Total public safety	\$	864,526	895,761	862,572	33,189	
	-					
PUBLIC WORKS	•	070 070	005.000	255 225		
Building & ground maintenance	\$	276,250	295,890	255,997	39,893	
Highways and bridges		802,450	820,719	820,719	· -	
Supervision		9,950	9,950	8,850	1,100	
Operations		1,120,916	1,120,916	1,069,493	51,423	
Engineering		87,348	87,348	77,902	9,446	
Equipment Maintenance		312,500	312,500	278,744	33,756	
Solid Waste & Recycling		500,145	510,843	510,842	1	
Total public works	\$	3,109,559	3,158,166	3,022,547	135,619	

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES, ENCUMBRANCES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
HEALTH AND WELFARE					
OSHA mandated health	\$	1,000	1,000	944	. 56
Social Services	Ψ	38,678	38,678	34,147	4,531
Total health and welfare	\$_	39,678	39,678	35,091	4,587
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Recreation	\$	111,568	111,568	101,909	9,659
Co-op Programs	Ψ	157,461	157,462	157,461	. 1
Library		363,319	363,319	363,319	· -
Total cultural and recreation	\$_	632,348	632,349	622,689	9,660
EDUCATION					
Board of education	\$	18,202,902	18,202,902	18,125,347	77,555
Total education	\$_	18,202,902	18,202,902	18,125,347	77,555
OTHER					
Contingency	\$	80,000		_	_
Finge Benefits	•	1,632,227	1,602,637	1,544,237	58,400
Beautification commission		2,000	2,000	420	1,580
Cemetery Services		22,300	22,300	22,300	-
Municipal Insurance		96,000	96,000	89,404	6,596
Total other	\$	1,832,527	1,722,937	1,656,361	66,576
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal	\$	2,672,805	2,672,805	2,672,805	-
Interest		757,898	757,898	757,897	1
Bond anticipation notes		4,114	4,114	4,114	-
Total debt service	\$	3,434,817	3,434,817	3,434,816	1
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Capital Improvements	\$	25,000	25,000	759,964	(734,964)
Other	-	50,000	50,000	246,000	(196,000)
Total debt service	\$	75,000	75,000	1,005,964	(930,964)
Total Encumbrances and Financial Uses	\$	29,544,201	29,544,201	30,105,227	(561,026)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND June 30, 2016

		Capital Improvements	Capital and Nonrecurring	Renovation of Schools	Construction In Progress	Total		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventory	\$	24,978 2,861,658	157,205	283,957	21,566	330,501 3,018,863		
Total assets	\$	2,886,636	157,205	283,957	21,566	3,349,364		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Bond anticipation notes	\$	66,836 1,098,000		323,023 95,000	168,386 805,987	235,222 1,129,010 1,193,000		
Total liabilities	\$_	1,164,836		418,023	974,373	2,557,232		
Fund Balance (Deficit) Nonspendable Restricted for: Donor's intentions Debt service Committed for:	\$							
Open spaces Assigned Unassigned	_	1,721,800	157,205	(134,066)	(952,807)	1,879,005 (1,086,873)		
Total fund balance (deficit)	\$_	1,721,800	157,205	(134,066)	(952,807)	792,132		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	2,886,636	157,205	283,957	21,566	3,349,364		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Capital Improvements	Capital and Nonrecurring	Renovation of Schools	Construction in Progress	Total
Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	510,194		283,957	21,566 900	815,717 900 - -
Total revenues	\$_	510,194		283,957	22,466	816,617
Expenditures Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$					
Education Other	_	2,396,348			975,273	3,371,621
Total expenditures	\$_	2,396,348	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	975,273	3,371,621
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$_	(1,886,154)	<u> </u>	283,957	(952,807)	(2,555,004)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in Transfers (out)	\$_	1,019,964 (436,000)	(285,000)	25,000		1,044,964 (721,000)
Total other financing sources	\$_	583,964	(285,000)	25,000		323,964
Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	(1,302,190)	(285,000)	308,957	(952,807)	(2,231,040)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - beginning		3,023,990	442,205	(443,023)		3,023,172
Fund Balances (Deficits) - ending	\$_	1,721,800	157,205	(134,066)	(952,807)	792,132

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	_	Special Revenue				
	_	Town Hall Annex	Special Education Grants	Cafeteria	Parks and Recreation	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$			3,384		
Due from other funds	_	696,165	25,403	10,466	102,305	
Total assets	\$_	696,165	25,403	13,850	102,305	
			_	····		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEF	ICITS	3)				
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	18,076	05.400	27;751	7,311	
Uneamed revenues Due to other funds	_	· .	25,403		8,419	
Total liabilities	\$_	18,076	25,403	27,751	15,730	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable receipts	\$_		-			
Fund Balance (Deficit) Nonspendable Restricted for:	\$					
Donor's intentions Committed						
Assigned Unassigned		678,089		(13,901)	86,575	
Total fund balance (deficit)	\$_	678,089	<u> </u>	(13,901)	86,575	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances (defic	i1 \$	696,165	25,403	13,850	102,305	

	Special Revenue								
Road Ordinance	Sewer Assessment	Infrastructure	Small Cities Grant	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Town Road Aid				
			20,000						
	748,344	• •	30,890 115,692	18,436					
3,133_	501,980	7,518		115,140	498,272				
3,133	1,250,324	7,518	146,582	133,576	498,272				
		•		•					
•				,					
-	-		_						
	748,344	•	115,692						
			<u> </u>						
	501,980								
3,133	301,900	7,518	30,890	133,576	498,272				
3,133	501,980	7,518	30,890	133,576	498,272				
	· · ·	 	• •						
3,133	1,250,324	7,518	146,582	133,576	498,272				

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Continued June 30, 2016

				•	•
		Special F	Revenue	Permenant Fund	
		Scholarships	Total Special Revenue	Cemetery Trust	Total Nonmajor Funds
ASSETS		•			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	46,893	99,603 864,036	10,398	110,001 864,036
Due from other funds		9,236	1,969,618		1,969,618
Total assets	\$_	56,129	2,933,257	10,398	2,943,655
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFI	CITS)				
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Due to other funds	\$		53,138 33,822		53,138 33,822
Total liabilities	\$_		86,960		86,960
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable receipts	\$_	· -	864,036	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	864,036
Fund Balance (Deficit)					
Nonspendable	\$		-		-
Restricted for: Donor's intentions		•	-	10,398	10,398
Specific uses			501,980		501,980
Assigned		56,129	1,494,182 (13,901)		1,494,182 (13,901)
Unassigned	-		(10,001)		(10,301)
Total fund balance (deficit)	\$_	56,129	1,982,261	10,398	1,992,659
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (defic	it \$	56,129	2,933,257	10,398	2,943,655
resources, and rund balances (deno	`` * =				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Special Revenue					
	_	Town Hall Annex	Special Education Grants	Cafetaria	Parks and Recreation		
Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	238,849	917,109	75,714 251,170	59,932		
Total revenues	\$_	238,849	917,109	326,884	59,932		
Expenditures General Culture and recreation Education Other	\$	190,682	917,109	320,071	70,693		
Total expenditures	\$_	190,682	917,109	320,071	70,693		
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$_	48,167	<u> </u>	6,813	(10,761)		
Other Financing Sources Transfers in Transfers (out)	\$						
Total other financing sources	\$	· <u>-</u> -		<u> </u>			
Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	48,167	-	6,813	(10,761)		
Fund Balances (Deficits) - beginning		629,922		(20,714)	97,336		
Fund Balances (Deficits) - ending	\$	678,089	. <u>-</u>	(13,901)	86,575		

					•
Road Ordinance	Sewer Assessment	Infrastructure	Small Cities Grant	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Town . Road Aid
	144,424	3,723	38,439		383,844
			20,275	32,750_	
<u>-</u>	144,424	3,723	58,714	32,750	383,844
			44,273		
				28,916	
<u> </u>		<u></u>	44,273	28,916	
	144,424	3,723	14,441	3,834	383,844

(174,177)

(174,177)

(29,753)

531,733

501,980

3,133

3,133

Special Revenue

(Continued)

383,844

114,428

498,272

(181,000)

(181,000)

(177,166)

310,742

133,576

3,723

3,795

7,518

14,441

16,449

30,890

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Specia	l Revenue	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor
	_	Scholarships	Total	Cemetery Trust	Governmental Funds
Revenues					•
Intergovernmental	\$		1,418,829		1,418,829
Charges for services			455,526		455,526
Investment income		. 13	13	7	20
Other	-	15,454	307,328		307,328
Total revenues	\$_	15,467	2,181,696		2,181,703
Expenditures					
General	\$		234,955		234,955
Culture and recreation			70,693		70,693
Education		4,286	1,241,466		1,241,466
Other	_		28,916		28,916_
Total expenditures	\$_	4,286	1,576,030	<u></u>	1,576,030
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$_	11,181	605,666	7	605,673
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	\$		-		-
Transfers (out)	_		(355,177)		(355,177)
Total other financing sources	\$_		(355,177)		(355,177)
Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	11,181	250,489	. 7	250,496
Fund Balances (Deficits) - beginning	_	44,948	1,731,772	10,391	1,742,163
Fund Balances (Deficits) - ending	\$_	56,129	1,982,261	10,398	1,992,659

W.P.C.A
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET FUND POSITION
June 30, 2016

	_	Operating	Capital Reserve	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50		50
Receivables, net of allowance		132,605		132,605
Due from other funds		369,031	384,769	753,800
Current portion of notes receivable	_	19,330		19,330
Current assets	\$_	521,016	384,769	905,785
Noncurrent assets:				
Note receivable, less current portion	\$	126,324		126,324
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4,717,726		4,717,726
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	4,844,050	-	4,844,050
Total assets	\$_	5,365,066	384,769	5,749,835
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,274	969	5,243
Payments in advance		1,621		1,621
Notes payable - current	_	306,684		306,684
Total current liabilities	\$_	312,579	969	313,548
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Notes payable, less current portion	\$	1,618,446		1,618,446
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,618,446		1,618,446
Total liabilities	\$_	1,931,025	969	1,931,994
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	\$	2,938,250		2,938,250
Unrestricted	_	495,791	383,800	879,591
Total net position	\$	3,434,041	383,800	3,817,841

W.P.C.A COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET FUND POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Operating	Capital Reserve	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$	1,183,760		1,183,760
Other revenues			1,158	1,158
Total operating revenues	\$	1,183,760	1,158	1,184,918
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and benefits	\$	428,035		428,035
Materials and supplies		47,423	2,271	49,694
Utilities		64,039		64,039
Depreciation		134,585		134,585
Administration and operation		218,864		218,864
Total operating expenses	\$	892,946	2,271	895,217
Operating Income		290,814	(1,113)	289,701
Nonoperating revenues (expense)				
Interest Income		4,694		4,694
Interest Expense		(42,014)		(42,014)
Total nonoperating revenues (expense)	(37,320)		(37,320)
Transfers from (to) other funds	\$	164,930	(50,603)	114,327
Changes in Fund Net Position	\$	418,424	(51,716)	366,708
FUND NET POSITION, beginning		181,455	435,516	616,971
Prior period adjustment		2,834,162		2,834,162
FUND NET POSITION, beginning-restated	_	3,015,617	435,516	3,451,133
FUND NET POSITION, ending	\$	3,434,041	383,800	3,817,841

W.P.C.A
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Teal Linded durie 00, 20 To				
			Capital	
		Operating	Capital Reserve	Total
	-	Operating	i vesei ve	rotai
Cook Flow From Operating Activities				
Cash Flow From Operating Activities	\$	1,198,374	1,158	1,199,532
Receipts from customers and users	Ψ	(428,035)	1,100	(428,035)
Payments to employees		(337,346)	(2,271)	(339,617)
Payments to suppliers	-	(007,040)	(2,211)	(333,017)
Net cash (used in) provided by	\$	432,993	(1,113)	431,880
operating activities	Ψ_	432,330	(1,110)	431,000
Cash Flow From Noncapital and Related Financing Activi	ties			•
Transfer from other funds		164,930	51,716	216,646
Transfer to other funds	\$	(209,269)	(50,603)	(259,872)
Net cash (used in) provided by	Ψ_	(200,200)	(00,000)	(200,072)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	(44,339)	1,113	(43,226)
operating activities	Ψ_	(44,000)		(43,220)
Cash Flow From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(50,603)		(50,603)
Principal made on capital debt	Ψ	(322,805)		(322,805)
Interest paid on capital debt		(42,014)		(42,014)
Receipts of notes related to capital debt		22,074		22,074
Net cash (used in) provided by	_	22,014		22,014
	\$	(393,348)	_	(393,348)
operating activities	Ψ_	(000,0-10)		(000,040)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities				
Interest received on Investments		4,694	-	4,694
Net cash (used in) provided by				
operating activities	\$	4,694	-	4,694
- Postania a servicio				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and				
cash equivalents	\$	-	-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVELANTS, beginning	_	50	<u> </u>	50
CASH AND CASH EQUIVELANTS, ending	\$_	50	-	50
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	_	222.244	(4.440)	
Operating Income	\$	290,814	(1,113)	289,701
Depreciation		134,585		134,585
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivables		14,357		14,357
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(7,020)		(7,020)
(Decrease) increase in payments in advance		257		257
Net increase (decrease) in cash and	_			
cash equivalents	\$	432,993	(1,113)	431,880
				_

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	_	Town Pension Trust Fund	Merit Service Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total Trust Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments at fair value:	\$	186,129	53,141	19,649	258,919
U.S. government obligations		395,325	111,502		506,827
Mutual funds		555,409	155,930	46,919	758,258
Common Stock		3,445,373	966,561	325,329	4,737,263
Equities		7,421,994	2,082,279	631,930	10,136,203
Due from general fund			·	75,000	75,000
Total Assets	\$	12,004,230	3,369,413	1,098,827	16,472,470
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$				
Total Liabilities	\$			· <u>-</u> _	
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for specific purposes	\$	12,004,230	3,369,413	1,098,827	16,472,470

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Town Pension Trust Fund	Merit Service Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total Trust Funds
ADDITIONS					
Contributions	\$	702,877	154,100	75,000	931,977
Total contributions	\$_	702,877	154,100	75,000	931,977
Investment earnings					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	\$	(97,568)	(27,412)	(4,089)	(129,069)
Interest and dividends		268,073	75,783	22,190	366,046
Less: Investment expense		(53,982)	(15,262)		(69,244)
Total investment earnings	\$	116,523	33,109	18,101	167,733
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	\$_	718,919	180,389	<u>4,485</u>	903,793
Total deductions	\$_	718,919	180,389	4,485	903,793
Change in net position	\$	100,481	6,820	88,616	195,917
Net Position - beginning	_	11,903,749	3,362,593	1,010,211	16,276,553
Net Position - ending	\$_	12,004,230	3,369,413	1,098,827	16,472,470

Liabilities

Deposits held for others

Total Liabilities

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Balance Balance June 30, June 30, 2015 **Additions Deductions** 2016 Student Activity Funds **Assets** Cash and cash equivalents 172,757 344,681 338,931 178,507 Liabilities \$ Accounts payable Deposits held for others 172,757 344,681 338,931 178,507 **Total Liabilities** 172,757 344,681 338,931 178,507 **Performance Bonds Assets** Cash and cash equivalents 13,774 12,474 1,300 Accounts receivable 91,480 296,534 388,014 Total assets 105,254 296,534 12,474 389,314 Liabilities Deposits held for others 105,254 296,534 12,474 389,314 <u>12,474</u> 105,254 Total liabilities \$ 296,534 389,314 **Total Agency Funds** Assets \$ 186,531 344,681 351,405 Cash and cash equivalents 179,807 91,480 296,534 Accounts receivable 388,014 351,405 641,215 567,821 Other Assets 278,011

278,011

278,011

641,215

641,215

351,405

351,405

567,821

567,821

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Uncollected Balance &	Lawful Corrections		Transfers to	Balance
Grand List Year		New Levy July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	(Recoveries From) Suspense	to be Collected
1999	\$	229			(229)	-
2000		235				235
2001		240				240
2002		258				258
2003		454				454
2004		486				486
2005		507				507
2006		532	,		•	532
2007		8,325				8,325
2008		9,604				9,604
2009		14,214				14,214
2010		17,273	72			17,345
2011		57,213	22	(566)	(19,074)	37,595
2012		135,230	609	(1,051)		134,788
2013	_	295,396	2,470	(2,798)		295,068
Total	\$	540,196	3,173	(4,415)	(19,303)	519,651
2014	_	27,085,851	20,118	(67,334)		27,038,635
Total	\$_	27,626,047	23,291	(71,749)	(19,303)	27,558,286

	Uncollected					
Taxes	Interest	Lien Fees	Total	Balance June 30, 2016		
	290		290	-		
	631		631	235		
	115		115	240		
	18		18	258		
	115		115	454		
	489		489	486		
	230		230	507		
	312		312	532		
	398		398	8,325		
	248		248	9,604		
	713		713	14,214		
	1,961		1,961	17,345		
16,903	7,812	96	24,811	20,692		
81,098	23,376	558	105,032	53,690		
186,872	39,336	2,394	228,602	108,196		
284,873	76,044	3,048	363,965	234,778		
26,687,308	84,862	309	26,772,479	351,327		
26,972,181	160,906	3,357	27,136,444	586,105		

	_	General Purpose
Debt Limitation:		
2 1/4 Times Base	\$	61,056,999
4 1/2 Times Base		
3 3/4 Times Base		
3 1/4 Times Base		
3 Times Base		
7 Times Base	_	
Total Debt Limitation	\$_	61,056,999
Indebtedness:		
Bonds payable	\$	8,247,000
Bonds authorized and unissued	_	8,379,000
Total Indebtedness	\$	16,626,000
Less: School Construction Grants Receivable	_	
Total Indebtedness of the City	\$_	16,626,000
Debt Limitation In Excess of Outstanding and		
Authorized Debt	\$	44,430,999

Total Tax Collec	tions (Including Inte	erest and Lien Fees)		
For The Year I	\$ 27,136,444			
Reimbursement Elderly Tax Re	For Revenue Loss lief - Freeze	On:		· · ·
Base				\$ 27,136,444
Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Bonding	Total Debt
122,113,998	101,761,665	,		
	101,101,000	88,193,443	81,409,332	
				189,955,108
122,113,998	101,761,665	88,193,443	81,409,332	189,955,108
12,463,000 645,211	645,000 1,897,938			21,355,000 10,922,149
13,108,211	2,542,938			32,277,149
15,100,211	2,342,330	-	-	32,277,149
		-	-	
13,108,211	2,542,938			32,277,149
	00.040.707	00.400.445	04.400.005	
109,005 <u>,787</u>	99,218,727	88,193,443	81,409,332	<u>157,677,959</u>

Taxpayer	Nature of Operations		Taxable Assessed Value as of 10/1/15
Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Power Company	\$	11,410,540
CRP/BWN LLC *	Health Care Facility		6,279,650
City of Waterbury	Watershed		5,818,050
C.A. Litchfield Land LLC	Vacant Land		3,793,480
White Memorial Foundation	Leased Land for		3,523,640
Aquarion Water Company of CT	Water Supply		3,362,980
6645 Federal Square Realty LLC	Commercial Real Estate		2,574,950
Arethusa Farm LLC	Farming		2,515,110
Union Bank	Bank		2,433,800
Litchfield Developers LLC	Real Estate		2,176,850
Total		\$]	43,889,050

Source: Town of Litchfield, Office of Tax Assessor

^{*}DBA Brandywine Assisted Living at Ltichfield (Sarah Pierce Community)

TAXABLE GRAND LIST JUNE 30, 2016

Grand List	Real Estate	Personal	Motor Vehicle	Gross Taxable Grand List	Less Exemptions	Net Taxable Grand List
10/1/2015 \$	1,081,386,790 \$	30,851,210 \$	72,472,380 \$	1,184,710,380	154,369,090 \$	1,030,341,290

Source: Town of Litchfield, Office of Tax Assessor

CALCULATION OF DIRECT DEBT AND NEW DIRECT DEBT JUNE 30, 2016

Long-Term Indebteness (1):	
Bonds: General Purpose	\$ 8,247,000
Schools	12,463,000
Sewers	645,000
State of Connecticut PLO (Clean Water Fund)	1,925,130
Total Long-Term Indebtedness	23,280,130
Short-Term Indebtedness:	
Bond Anticipation Notes	1,193,000_
Total Direct Debt	24,473,130
Exclusions (2):	
Sewer assessments receivable	(748,343)
Sewer use charges receivable	(132,605)
Total Net Direct Debt	\$ 23,592,182

- (1) Does not include authorized but unissued debt
- (2) Grants and receivables applicable to authorized and unissued debt are not included

Note: The Town has no overlapping or underlying indebtedness

CURRENT DEBT RATIOS JUNE 30, 2016

Total Direct Indebtedness Total Net Direct Indebtedness	\$ \$	24,473,130 23,592,182
Population (1) Net Taxable Grand List (10/1/15) Estimated Full Value 10/1/14 Equalized Net Taxable Grand List (2013) (2) Per Capita Income (2013) (3)	\$ \$ \$ \$	8,466 1,030,341,290 1,467,557,047 1,468,964,101 45,939
Total Direct Indebtedness: Per Capita To Net Taxable Grand List To Estimated Full Value To Equalized Net Taxable Grand List Per Capita to Per Capita Income	\$	2,891 2.38% 1.67% 1.67% 6.29%
Total Net Indirect Indebtedness: Per Capita To Net Taxable Grand List To Estimated Full Value To Equalized Net Taxable Grand List Per Capita to Per Capita Income	\$	2,787 2.29% 1.61% 1.61% 6.07%

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census 2010
- (2) Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut
- (3) U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey

Source: Town of Litchfield, Office of the Director of Finance

FEDERAL AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

June 30, 2016

FEDERAL AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1-2
Federal Single Audit	
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	3-5
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	7
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	8-9
Summary Schedule of Prior Years Audit Findings	10
State of Connecticut Single Audit	
Report on Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	
Required by the State Single Audit Act	11-13
Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	14
Notes To Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Programs	15-16
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	17-18



Clermont & Associates LLC 16 Waterbury Road Prospect, CT 06712

Main: 203-758-6658 Fax: 203-758-6758 clermontaccounting.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of Selectmen Town of Litchfield, Connecticut Litchfield, Connecticut 06759

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control.

A deficiency *in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that way have not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CLERMONT & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Prospect, Connecticut December 9, 2016



Clermont & Associates LLC 16 Waterbury Road Prospect, CT 06712

Main: 203-758-6658 Fax: 203-758-6758 clermontaccounting.com

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Litchfield, Connecticut Litchfield, Connecticut 06759

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

CLERMONT & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Prospect, Connecticut December 9, 2016

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number/ Project Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed Through the State Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	12060-SDE64370-20508 \$.,
National School Lunch Program	10.555	12060-SDE64370-20560	51,137
U.S.D.A. Commodities	10.550	12060-SDE64370-00000	16,456
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	75,411
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed Through the State Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (2015)	84.010	12060-SDE64370-20679	42,946
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (2015)	84.010	12060-SDE64370-20679	68,025
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (2016)	84.010	12060-SDE64370-20679	140,451
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grant to States (2015)	84.027	12060-SDE64370-20977	129,227
Special Education - Grant to States (2016)	84.027	12060-SDE64370-20977	220,457
Special Education - Preschool Grants (2016)	84.173	12060-SDE64370-20983	7,161
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (2015)	84.367	12060-SDE64370-20858	27,257
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (2016)	84.367	12060-SDE64370-20858	25,034
Total U.S.Department of Education		\$	660,558
U.S. Department of Transportation:			
Passed Through the State Department of Transportation:			
Elderly and Disabled Transporation	20.200	12062-DOT57931-21361	45,842
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	12062-DOT57191-22108 \$	200,850
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	246,692
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed Through the State Department of Housing:			
State Administered Small Cities Program	14.228	12060-DOH46930-20730 \$	
		\$	38,439
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	1,021,100
Total Expellatates of Loueral Awards		Ψ	1,021,100

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Town of Litchfield under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Non-monetary Assistance

The Town's National School Lunch Program receives noncash federal awards in the form of food commodities from the Department of Agriculture.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the items received and disbursed. The market value of the items issued is included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as follows:

Food Commodities \$ 16.456

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

I SUMMARY OF AUDITORS RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified	
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesx none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesxno
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesx none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m	najor programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule?	yes <u>x</u> no
dentification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s) 84.027 & 84.173 Name of Federal Programme Special Education Clu	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish petween type A and type B programs: \$	<u>750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	y ves no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION II - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

No findings were reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEARS AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2016

The Town had no findings reported in the prior years' audit that are required to be reported in this schedule.



Clermont & Associates LLC 16 Waterbury Road Prospect, CT 06712

Main: 203-758-6658 Fax: 203-758-6758 clermontaccounting.com

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Aldermen Town of Litchfield, Connecticut Shelton, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Policy and Management's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Litchfield ,Connecticut's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of the government activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves. and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CLERMONT & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Prospect, Connecticut

December 9, 2016

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	State Grant Program Core-CT Number		Expenditures
Office of Policy and Management:			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) on State Owned Property	11000-OPM20600-17004	\$	28,313
Reimbursement of Property Taxes Disability Exemption	11000-OPM20600-17011		485
Property Tax Relief for Elderly and Totally Disabled Homeowners	11000-OPM20600-17018		61,708
Property Tax Relief for Veterans	11000-OPM20600-17024		3,872
Municipal Purpose and projects grant	11000-OPM20600-43587		3,432
Small Town Economic Assistance Grant	11000-OPM-20870-40530		165,267
Total Office of Policy and Management		\$_	263,077
Department of Education:			
Adult Education	11000-SDE64370-17030	\$	8,543
School Breakfast	11000-SDE64370-17046		9,088
Health Foods Initiative	11000-SDE64370-16212		5,189
Child Nutrition Match	11000-SDE64370-17052		2,525
Common Core Professional Learning	12052-SDE64370-43538		21,450
Total Department of Education		\$_	46,795
Connecticut State Library:			
Historical Document Preservation	12060-CSL66094-35150	_	3,000
Department of Transportation			
Town Road Aid Grant STO	12052-DOT57131-43455	\$_	383,844
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance			
Before Exempt Programs		\$_	696,716
Exempt Programs			
Office of Policy and Management:			
Mashantucket Pequot/Mohegan Fund	12009-OPM20600-17005	\$	19,724
Department of Education:			
Public School Transportation	11000-SDE64370-17027		21,877
Nonpublic School Transportation	11000-SDE64370-17049		83
Educational Cost Sharing	11000-SDE64370-17041		1,526,744
Excess Cost Student Based and Equity	11000-SDE64370-17047	_	175,056
Total Exempt Programs		\$_	1,743,484
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance		\$_	2,440,200

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes state grant activity of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut under programs of the State of Connecticut for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund several programs including education, public safety and general government services.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Litchfield, Connecticut conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

The information in the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements contained in the Town's annual audit report are prepared on the modified accrual basis. The following is a summary of such basis:

Revenues are recognized when earned and available. Certain grants are recognized based on grant award since they are considered entitlement grants; other grants, such as grants that are dependent upon expenditure factor for determining eligibility, recognize grant revenue to the extent of expenditures.

Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred. Encumbrances are reflected as a reserve against fund balance and accordingly are not reflected as expenditures.

The Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, contained in this report, is prepared based on regulations established by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management. In accordance with these regulations (Section 4-236-22), certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity, and accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2. LOAN PROGRAMS

In accordance with Section 4-236-23(a)(4)(F) of the regulations of the State Single Audit Act, the notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance shall include loans and loan activities. The following is a summary of the various loan program activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 for Clean Water Funds funded through the State Department of Protection:

	-	181-C	396-C	499-C
Date of Issue Interest Rate Original Amount	\$	7/29/1999 2% 570,427	1/30/1998 2% 900,340	7/31/2004 2% 4,595,198
Balance, Beginning of year Paid	\$	104,251 34,306	85,525 54,148	2,201,492 276,362
Balance, End of Year	_	69,945	31,377	1,925,130

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: •Material weakness(es) identified?	yesxno
•Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesx_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>x</u> no
State Financial Assistance	
Internal control over major programs: •Material weakness(es) identified?	yes x no
•Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesx_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m	ajor programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act?	e yes x no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following schedule reflects the major programs included in the audit:

State Grantor and Program	State Core – CT Number		Expenditures	
Department of Transportation Town Road Aid	12001-DOT57131-43455	\$	383,844	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish type A and type B Programs

\$ 100,000

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

- We issued reports, dated December 9, 2016 on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- Our report on compliance indicated no reportable instances of noncompliance.
- Our report on internal control over financial reporting indicated no significant deficiencies or material weakness.

III. STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No findings or questioned costs are reported relating to State Financial Assistance Programs.